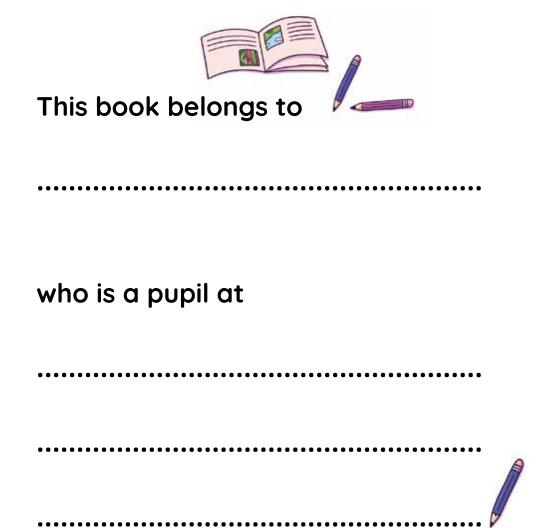


This book is a gift from The Educational Institute of Scotland www.eis.org.uk/welcometoscotland







Your rights as a young person learning in Scotland

'Rights' are things every child or young person is entitled to have or be able to do to live safe, healthy and happy lives.

All children and young people in the world who are under the age of 18 years old, have the same rights.

The United Nations says that all children have these rights, no matter who they are, where they live, what their parents do, what language they speak, what their religion is, whether they are a boy or girl, what their culture is, whether they are disabled or not, or whether they are rich or poor.

These rights are listed in the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child. Almost every country has agreed to these rights. All the rights are connected to each other, and all are equally important.

There is a guide to your rights here:

www.unicef.org/rightsite/files/uncrcchilldfriendlylanguage.pdf



Your right to an education

A very important right is the right to education. For example, every child in the world has the right to go to school and to receive a good quality education.

If you have had to leave your own country or arrived here as a migrant or refugee, you have the right to a good education in Scotland.





Your right to go to school in Scotland

In Scotland every child can go to school from age 5 to 18. Children between the ages of 5 and 16 must be in education.

Your right to extra support with your education if you are disabled

The United Nations says that all children in the world have the right to extra support with their education if they are disabled.

In Scotland all children have the right to ask for extra help with their learning in school when they need it. You can ask for extra help when you need it too.



Your right to learn from education

Your education should help you to use your talents and abilities.



Education should help you to live peacefully, protect the environment and respect other people.



All children in the world have the right to their own culture, religion and language. School will help you to learn about your family's history, background and beliefs.

In school you will be able to find out things. You will be able to share what you think with others by talking, drawing, writing or in any other way unless it harms other people or makes them feel sad.



Your right to play

All children in the world have the right to play. At school you will be able to play and learn indoors and outdoors.





Your right to choose your friends

All children in the world have the right to choose their own friends. In school you will be able to make friends with other young people.



Your right to feel safe

Every child in the world has the right to feel safe. Every child in the world has the right to help if they are hurt.

In school no one is allowed to hurt you. Teachers and other adults in the school are there to keep you safe. They will help you if you are hurt or upset.



Bullying, racism and religious prejudice

Bullying means behaviour that can make people feel hurt, threatened, frightened or left out. It can happen face to face and online.

Racism means treating someone differently and unfairly because of their race, culture or skin colour.

Religious prejudice means treating someone differently and unfairly because of their religion or because someone thinks that they belong to a particular religion or faith.



Bullying, racism and religious prejudice are never acceptable. If you experience these at school you should tell a teacher in school, such as your Guidance, Pastoral Care/Pupil Support Teacher, and an adult who you trust at home.

Homework

Sometimes you will be asked to share your learning with the people who look after you at home. This is called 'homework'. You do this kind of activity at home then bring it back to school. Be ready to talk about what you did at home to your teacher and the other children in the class.

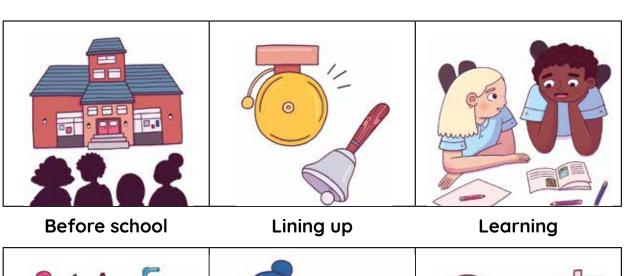




The school day

Young people in Scotland go to school every day of the week except Saturday and Sunday. Some go to a community school on a Saturday morning to keep learning their own language.

School begins each day in the morning and finishes in the afternoon. Young people are at school for around 6 or 7 hours each day. There is a break for lunch in the middle of the day. There are lots of activities during the school day. Here are some examples:







Here are some words in English that you will see and hear every day in school. We have translated these words into Arabic, Polish, French, Pashto and Dari. If none of these is your language, you can choose to say or write down each word in your own language.

pupil	التلميذ uczeń élève زده کوونکی شاګرد	
school	مدرسة szkoła école ښوونځی مکتب	
classroom WELCOME!	قاعة الدراسة sala lekcyjna salle de classe ټولګی صنف	

pencil	
	قلم
	ołówek
2.3	crayon
	پنسل ىنسل
	*
paper	
	ورقة
	papier
S Dn	papier
	كاغد
	كاغد
inttor / matchauls	
jotter / notebook	••••••
	دفتر
	notatnik
Nores	cahier
	د ياداشت كتابچه
	د ياداښت كتابچ <i>ه</i> يادداشت
	*
book	
	كتاب
	książka
	livre
	کتاب کتاب
	تتاب

toilet / bathroom	
	الحمام
	toaleta
	toilette
	تشناب
	تشناب تشناب
backpack / bag	
	حقيبة ظهر
	plecak
	sac à dos
	بیگ یا بکسه بیگ یا بکسه
	* ** ***
uniform	
	زی موحد
119	mundurek szkolny
	uniforme
	یونیفورم یا د ښوونځی جامی
	يونيفورم يا د ښوونځي جامې يونيفورم يا لباس مکتب
sports kit	·
sports kit PE Kit / gym kit	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
, gg	مجموعة الرياضة
	zestaw sportowy
	vêtements de sport
	د ورزش لباس
	لباس ورزش

coat	معطف płaszcz manteau جمپر بالاپوش	
water WATER	ماء woda I'eau اوبه آب	
teacher	مدرس nauczyciel enseignant/professeur ښوونکی معلم	
headteacher	مدیر المدرسة dyrektor szkoły chef d'enseignant سرمعلم سرمعلم	

school lunch	
	غداء
	obiad szkolny
	déjeuner
WICE WILLIAM	
	د مکتب غرمې ډوډۍ غدا چاشت مکتب
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
snack / playpiece	
	": : * "
	وجبة خفيفة
90	przekąska
	casse-croûte
APP	ناشته خوراک مختصر
	خوراک مختصر
packed lunch	
	الغداء معبأة
	drugie śniadanie
	déjeuner emballé
	تیار بنده شوی ډوډۍ
	غدا بسته بندی شده
friend	
	44
	صديق
	przyjaciel
	amie/ami
	ملگری دوست
	دوست

play	لعب grać jouer لوبه لوبه	
pencil eraser / rubber	•••••	
RUBBER	ممحاة قلم رصاص gumka gomme پنسل پاک پنسل پاک	
ruler		
Internal of the second of the	مسطرة linijka règle خط کش خط کش خط کش	
desk		
	مکتب	
	ławka szkolna	
	bureau •	
	میز میز	
	سير	

chair	کرسي krzesło chaise چوکۍ چوکی	
computer	الحاسوب komputer ordinateur کمپیوټر کامپیوتر	
bell	جرس dzwonek cloche زنګ زنګ	
cafeteria / dining hall	كافيتيريا stołówka cafétéria كافېټيريا / د خوراک تالار كافه تريا / صالون غذاخورى	

playground	ملعب plac zabaw l'aire de jeux د لوبې مېدان تفريحګاه يا ميدان بازي	
playtime	زمن اللعب przerwa lekcyjna récréation د لوبې وخت ذمان بازی	
PE / gym	ریاضات wychowanie fizyczne education physique ورزش/جیم ورزش/بدنسازی	
lunch-time	غداء przerwa obiadowa déjeuner د غرمې ډوډۍ وخت نان چاشت	

home-time



وقت المنزل

koniec zajęć

horaire maison

د کور وخت

وقت خانه

homework



.....

واجب منزلي zadanie domowe

devoirs

کورنۍ وظیفه کار خانه ګی





Use the next few pages to add to the word list with more new words about school that you are learning in English.

Draw a picture for each word to help you remember.

picture	English word	word in your language

picture	English word	word in your language

picture	English word	word in your language

picture	English word	word in your language

picture	English word	word in your language

You at school in Scotland

We have told you about your rights as a young person in school and some things about going to school in Scotland. We hope that you enjoy learning and making new friends at school.

Use the space below to draw a picture of you in school.

